

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Mixture
Product name	: Final Charge Global Antifreeze & Coolant 50/50
.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Jse of the substance/mixture	: Heavy Duty Engine Coolant
I.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet
Old World Industries, LLC 4065 Commercial Ave. Northbrook, IL 60062 - USA T (847) 559-2000 <u>www.oldworldind.com</u>	
I.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: (800) 424-9300; (703) 527 3887 (International) Chemtrec
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
GHS-US classification	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Repr. 1A H360 STOT RE 1 H372	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS-US labelling	
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	: GHS07 GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
lazard statements (GHS-US)	: H302 - Harmful if swallowed H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child H372 - Causes damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral)
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, vapors P264 - Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product P280 - Wear personal protective equipment as required P301 + P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor/physician or poison center P301 + P330 + P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting P304 + P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/container, in a safe manner, to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations
2.3. Other hazards	
lo additional information available	
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-U	IS)
- 1	

No data available

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% by wt	GHS-US classification
ethylene glycol	(CAS No) 107-21-1	<= 50	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	< 50	Not classified
diethylene glycol	(CAS No) 111-46-6	< 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
4-tert-butylbenzoic acid	(CAS No) 98-73-7	< 2	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Repr. 1A, H360 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
denatonium benzoate	(CAS No) 3734-33-6	30 - 50 ppm	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek immediate medical advice. Allow the victim to rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Rinse immediately with plenty of water (for at least 15 minutes). Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper lids. If eye irritation persists: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Obtain emergency medical attention. Rinse mouth. If the person is fully conscious, make him/her drink two glasses of water. Never give an unconscious person anything to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If medical advice is delayed, and if the person has swallowed a moderate volume of material (a few ounces), then give three to four ounces of hard liquor, such as whiskey. For children, give proportionally less liquor, according to weight.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	s, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes damage to organs (kidneys) (oral). May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. The lethal dose in humans is estimated to be 100 mL (3 oz).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

A more effective intravenous antidote for physician uses is 4-methylpyrazaole, a potent inhibitor of alcohol dehydrogenases, which effectively blocks the formation of toxic metabolites of ethylene glycol. It has been used to decrease the metabolic consequences of ethylene glycol poisoning before metabolic acidosis coma, seizures, and renal failure have occured.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Carbon dioxide. Sand. Water fog. Fine water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream. May spread fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the sul	bstance or mixture
Fire hazard	: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon Dioxide.
Reactivity	: No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

pray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any e. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
r fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
ve pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Protective fire fighting ludes fire-fighting helmet, coat, pants, boots and gloves).
nergency procedures
nnecessary personnel.
up crew with proper protection. Refer to section 8.2.
Đà.
uid enters sewers or public waters.
g up
Ils with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect ore away from other materials.
d when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation o ot handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special
d when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation o ot handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special before use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
d when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation o ot handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special before use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after atibilities of the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources.
d when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation o ot handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special before use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. drink or smoke when using this product. Wash affected areas thoroughly after atibilities In the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources. ner closed when not in use. Product may become solid at temperatures below -37 °C not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies. Do not cut, drill,

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	100.00 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Upper Respiratory Tract (URT) & Eye irritant

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Safety glasses.



Hand protection Eye protection : Wear protective gloves.

: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask.	
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.	
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and ch		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Color	: Red	
Odor	: Mild	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
pH	: 8.6	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Nil	
Freezing point	: -37 °C (-34 °F)	
Boiling point	: 106 - 108 °C (224 - 227 °F)	
Flash point	: 116 °C (241 °F) [100% Ethylene Glycol] <i>ASTM D56</i>	
Auto-ignition temperature	: 400 °C (752 °F) [100% Ethylene Glycol] Literature	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available	
Vapor pressure	: < 0.1 mm Hg (@ 20 ℃)	
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Specific Gravity	: 1.07	
Solubility	: Water: Complete	
Log Pow	: No data available	
Log Kow	: No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: No data available	
Oxidizing properties	: No data available	
Explosive limits	: No data available	
9.2. Other information		
VOC content	: 0.00 %	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
No dangerous reactions known under normal con	ditions of use.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stable.		

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from any flames or sparking source. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide. Fume. Alcohols. Aldehydes. Ethers.

SECTIO	DN 11: Toxicological information
11.1.	Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

: Harmful if swallowed.

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)		
LD50 oral rat	584 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
11/05/2014	EN (English)	4/9

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)		
ATE US (oral)	584 mg/kg bodyweight	
4-tert-butylbenzoic acid (98-73-7)		
LD50 oral rat	735 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value)	
ATE US (oral)	735 mg/kg bodyweight	
ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5,000 mg/kg (Rat)	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight	
diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
LD50 oral rat	12,565 mg/kg (Rat)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	11,890 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE US (dermal)	11,890 mg/kg bodyweight	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified	
	pH: 9	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
	pH: 9	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Causes damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. The lethal dose in humans is estimated to be 100 mL (3 oz).	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)		
LC50 fish 1	> 1,000 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	13 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)	
4-tert-butylbenzoic acid (98-73-7)		
LC50 fish 1	320 mg/l (96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Nominal concentration)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	47 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia sp.; Nominal concentration)	
LC50 fish 2	70 mg/l (96 h; Oryzias latipes)	
EC50 Daphnia 2	24 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia sp.)	
Threshold limit algae 1	1 mg/l (96 h; Selenastrum capricornutum)	
Threshold limit algae 2	2 mg/l (96 h; Selenastrum capricornutum; Cell numbers)	
ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
LC50 fish 1	53,000 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Static system)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10,000 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	40,761 mg/l (96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Static system)	
Threshold limit algae 1	> 10,000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)	

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Threshold limit algae 2	2,000 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa)	
diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
LC50 fish 1	> 5,000 ppm (24 h; Carassius auratus)	
LC50 other aquatic organisms 1	1,174 mg/l (Xenopus laevis)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10,000 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	61,072 ppm (168 h; Poecilia reticulata)	
TLM fish 1	> 32,000 mg/l (96 h; Gambusia affinis)	
TLM other aquatic organisms 1	> 1,000 ppm (96 h)	
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	1,174 mg/l (72 h; Xenopus laevis; Toxicity test)	
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2	10,745 mg/l (16 h; Protozoa; Toxicity test)	
Threshold limit algae 1	2,700 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda)	
Threshold limit algae 2	100 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in water: no data available. No (test) data on mobility of the substance available.	
4-tert-butylbenzoic acid (98-73-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Highly mobile in soil.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.26 g O ₂ /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.37 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	2.43 g O ₂ /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.11 % ThOD	
ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Not established.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.47 g O ₂ /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.24 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	1.29 g O ₂ /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.36 % ThOD	
diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photolysis in the air.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.02 g O ₂ /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.51 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	1.51 g O ₂ /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.015 % ThOD	

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

denatonium benzoate (3734-33-6)		
Log Pow	1.78 (Estimated value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
4-tert-butylbenzoic acid (98-73-7)		
BCF fish 1	3.162 (Cyprinus carpio; Test duration: 6 weeks)	
Log Pow	0.76 - 2.68 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
BCF fish 1	10 (72 h; Leuciscus idus)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	0.21 - 0.6 (Procambarus sp.; Chronic)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 2	190 (24 h; Algae)	
Log Pow	-1.34 (Experimental value)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Not established.	
diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
Log Pow	-1.98	

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.

Mobility in soil 12.4.

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Surface tension	0.048 N/m (20 °C / 68 °F)
diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
Surface tension	0.0485 N/m
2.5. Other adverse effects	
ffect on ozone layer	: No additional information available
ffect on global warming	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.
ECTION 13: Disposal consideration	S
3.1. Waste treatment methods	
Vaste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container, in a safe manner, to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
cology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
ECTION 14: Transport information	
n accordance with DOT	
ransport document description	: UN3082 Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III
IN-No.(DOT)	: 3082
OT NA no.	: UN3082
OT Proper Shipping Name	: Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard	: 9 - Class 9 - Miscellaneous hazardous material 49 CFR 173.140
lazard labels (DOT)	: 9 - Class 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous materials)
OOT Symbols	: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger
OOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 155
OT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
OT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 241
OOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail 49 CFR 173.27)	: No limit
OOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: No limit
OOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
Other information	: Non Bulk: Not regulated by the US D.O.T. (in quantities under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package).
NDR	
NDR Io additional information available	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA)

: Not regulated by IATA (in quantities under 5,000 lbs in any one inner package)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. US Federal regulations			
Final Charge Global Antifreeze & Coolant 50/5	0		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :		5,000 lb(s) Ethylene Glycol CAS # 107-21-1	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes		Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Ethylene glycol is subject to Tier 1 and/or Tier II annual inventory reporting.	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting		Ethylene glycol is subject to Form R Reporting requirements.	
ethylene glycol (107-21-1)			-
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substan Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chem		inventory	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	5,000 lb(s)		

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

WHMIS Classification



Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

Final Charge Global Antifreeze & Coolant 50/50	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

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Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard

incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt
medical attention is given.
1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

: 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary

0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

NFPA fire hazard NFPA reactivity

HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible
Flammability	: 1 Slight Hazard
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Personal Protection	: B

and are not reactive with water.

SDS GHS US (GHS HazCom 2012) OWI

Old World Industries, LLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee as to the accuracy, sufficiency or completeness of the material set forth herein. It is the user's responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity and suitability of his own use, handling and disposal of this product. Since actual use by others is beyond our control, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made by Old World Industries, LLC as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained or the safety and toxicity of this product, nor does Old World Industries, LLC as to the treat is blow others of the safety and toxicity of this product for does Old World Industries, LLC as to the safety and toxicity of this product nor does of U world Industries, LLC as the treat is SDS relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

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